

MSDS# 20410

Section 1 - Chemical Product and Company Identification

MSDS Name: sec-Butanol, 99%

Catalog Numbers: AC107700000, AC107700025, AC107700200, AC220290000, AC220290010, 10770-0010, 61026-1000, BP2604-100, O1664-1, O1664-4, O1664FB115, O1664FB19, O1664FB200, O1664FB50, O1664POP200, O1664POP50, O1664POPB20, O1664POPB50, O1664RB200, O1664RB50, O1664RS200, O1664RS50, O1664SS115, O1664SS200, O1664SS28, O1664SS50

Synonyms: 2-Butanol; sec-Butyl alcohol; Butan-2-ol; s-Butyl alcohol; 2-Butyl alcohol; Butylene hydrate; Ethyl methyl carbinol; 2-Hydroxybutane; Methyl ethyl carbinol; 1-Methylpropanol; SBA; (+/-)-2-Butanol.

Company Identification: Fisher Scientific
One Reagent Lane
Fair Lawn, NJ 07410

For information in the US, call: 201-796-7100

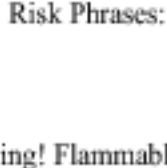
Emergency Number US: 201-796-7100

CHEMTREC Phone Number, US: 800-424-9300

Section 2 - Composition, Information on Ingredients

CAS#: 78-92-2
Chemical Name: sec-Butyl alcohol
%: 99
EINECS#: 201-158-5

Hazard Symbols: XI



Risk Phrases: 10 36/37 67

Section 3 - Hazards Identification

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

Warning! Flammable liquid and vapor. May form explosive peroxides. Breathing vapors may cause drowsiness and dizziness. Causes eye and respiratory tract irritation. Target Organs: Central nervous system, respiratory system, eyes.

Potential Health Effects

Eye: Causes eye irritation. Vapors cause eye irritation.

Skin: Repeated or prolonged exposure may cause drying and cracking of the skin. Brief exposures are not expected to cause skin irritation.

Ingestion: Causes gastrointestinal irritation with nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. May cause central nervous system depression, characterized by excitement, followed by headache, dizziness, drowsiness, and nausea. Advanced stages may cause collapse, unconsciousness, coma and possible death due to respiratory failure. Aspiration of material into the lungs may cause chemical pneumonitis, which may be fatal.

Inhalation: Inhalation of high concentrations may cause central nervous system effects characterized by nausea, headache, dizziness, unconsciousness and coma. Causes respiratory tract irritation. Vapors may cause dizziness or suffocation. May cause blood changes.

Chronic: Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause defatting and dermatitis. May cause liver and kidney damage. May cause lung damage. Animal evidence suggests that fetotoxicity and teratogenicity may be observed at doses

that also cause harmful effects in the mothers.

Section 4 - First Aid Measures

Eyes: In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical aid.

Skin: In case of contact, flush skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical aid if irritation develops and persists. Wash clothing before reuse.

Ingestion: Potential for aspiration if swallowed. Get medical aid immediately. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If vomiting occurs naturally, have victim lean forward.

Inhalation: If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical aid.

Notes to Physician: Treat symptomatically and supportively.

Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

General Information: As in any fire, wear a self-contained breathing apparatus in pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent), and full protective gear. During a fire, irritating and highly toxic gases may be generated by thermal decomposition or combustion. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Water may be ineffective. Material is lighter than water and a fire may be spread by the use of water. Flammable liquid and vapor. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors can spread along the ground and collect in low or confined areas. This liquid floats on water and may travel to a source of ignition and spread fire.

Extinguishing Media: Use water spray, alcohol foam, CO₂, dry chemical.

Autoignition Temperature: 405 deg C (761.00 deg F)

Flash Point: 24 deg C (75.20 deg F)

Explosion Limits: Lower: 1.7% @ 100°C

Explosion Limits: Upper: 9.8% @ 100°C

NFPA Rating: health: 2; flammability: 3; instability: 0;

Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

General Information: Use proper personal protective equipment as indicated in Section 8.

Spills/Leaks: Absorb spill with inert material (e.g. vermiculite, sand or earth), then place in suitable container. Clean up spills immediately, observing precautions in the Protective Equipment section. Remove all sources of ignition. Use a spark-proof tool. Provide ventilation. A vapor suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapors.

Section 7 - Handling and Storage

Handling: Wash thoroughly after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Ground and bond containers when transferring material. Use spark-proof tools and explosion proof equipment. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Empty containers retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep container tightly closed. Avoid ingestion and inhalation. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose empty containers to heat, sparks or open flames. Use only with adequate ventilation. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Do not allow to evaporate to near dryness. Do not store or handle in aluminum equipment at temperatures over 120°F.

Storage: Keep away from heat, sparks, and flame. Store in a tightly closed container. Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from incompatible substances. Flammables-area. Storage under a nitrogen blanket has been recommended. Do not store in aluminum containers. Containers should be dated when opened and tested periodically for the presence of peroxides. All peroxidizable substances should be stored away from heat and light and be protected from ignition sources.

Section 8 - Exposure Controls, Personal Protection

Chemical Name	ACGIH	NIOSH	OSHA - Final PELs
sec-Butyl alcohol	100 ppm	100 ppm TWA; 305	150 ppm TWA; 450
		mg/m ³ TWA 2000 ppm IDLH	mg/m ³ TWA

OSHA Vacated PELs: sec-Butyl alcohol: 100 ppm TWA; 305 mg/m³ TWA

Engineering Controls:

Facilities storing or utilizing this material should be equipped with an eyewash facility and a safety shower. Use adequate general or local exhaust ventilation to keep airborne concentrations below the permissible exposure limits.

Exposure Limits

Personal Protective Equipment

Eyes: Wear chemical splash goggles.

Skin: Wear appropriate protective gloves to prevent skin exposure.

Clothing: Wear appropriate protective clothing to prevent skin exposure.

Respirators: A respiratory protection program that meets OSHA's 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements or European Standard EN 149 must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant respirator use.

Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State: Liquid

Color: clear, colorless

odor: strong odor - sweet, fruity odor

pH: Not available

Vapor Pressure: 12 mm Hg @ 20 deg C

Vapor Density: 2.6 (air=1)

Evaporation Rate: Not available

Viscosity: 3.5 cps @ 20 deg C

Boiling Point: 99.5 deg C @ 760 mmHg (211.10°F)

Freezing/Melting Point: -115 deg C (-175.00°F)

Decomposition Temperature: Not available

Solubility in water: 12.5 g/100 ml @ 20°C

Specific Gravity/Density: 0.808 g/ml

Molecular Formula: C₄H₁₀O

Molecular Weight: 74.12

Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

Chemical Stability: Under normal storage conditions, peroxidizable compounds can form and accumulate peroxides which may explode when subjected to heat or shock. This material is most hazardous when peroxide levels are concentrated by distillation or evaporation.

Conditions to Avoid: High temperatures, light, ignition sources.

Incompatibilities with Other Materials: Strong oxidizing agents, strong acids, aluminum, organic peroxides, isocyanates, aliphatic amines, chromium trioxide.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide.

Hazardous Polymerization: Has not been reported.

Section 11 - Toxicological Information

RTECS#: CAS# 78-92-2: EO1750000

RTECS:

CAS# 78-92-2: Inhalation, rat: LC50 = 48500 mg/m³/4H;

Oral, rabbit: LD50 = 4893 mg/kg;

LD50/LC50: Oral, rabbit: LD50 = 4900 mg/kg;

Oral, rat: LD50 = 2193 mg/kg;

Oral, rat: LD50 = 6200 mg/kg;

Skin, rat: LD50 = >2 gm/kg;

Carcinogenicity: sec-Butyl alcohol - Not listed as a carcinogen by ACGIH, IARC, NTP, or CA Prop 65.

Other: No information found.

Section 12 - Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity: Fish: Goldfish: LC50 = 4300 mg/L; 24 Hr; Unspecified

Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

Dispose of in a manner consistent with federal, state, and local regulations.

Section 14 - Transport Information

US DOT

Shipping Name: BUTANOLS

Hazard Class: 3

UN Number: UN1120

Packing Group: III

Canada TDG

Shipping Name: BUTANOLS

Hazard Class: 3

UN Number: UN1120

Packing Group: III

Section 15 - Regulatory Information

European/International Regulations

European Labeling in Accordance with EC Directives

Hazard Symbols: XI

Risk Phrases:

R 10 Flammable.

R 36/37 Irritating to eyes and respiratory system.

R 67 Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Safety Phrases:

S 7/9 Keep container tightly closed and in a well-ventilated place.

S 13 Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs.

S 24/25 Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

S 26 In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.

S 46 If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label.

WGK (Water Danger/Protection)

CAS# 78-92-2: 1

Canada

CAS# 78-92-2 is listed on Canada's DSL List

Canadian WHMIS Classifications: B2, D2B

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all of the information required by those regulations.

CAS# 78-92-2 is listed on Canada's Ingredient Disclosure List

US Federal

TSCA

CAS# 78-92-2 is listed on the TSCA

Inventory.

Section 16 - Other Information

MSDS Creation Date: 7/19/1999

Revision #9 Date 2/15/2008

The information above is believed to be accurate and represents the best information currently available to us. However, we make no warranty of merchantability or any other warranty, express or implied, with respect to such information, and we assume no liability resulting from its use. Users should make their own investigations to determine the suitability of the information for their particular purposes. In no event shall the company be liable for any claims, losses, or damages of any third party or for lost profits or any special, indirect, incidental, consequential, or exemplary damages howsoever arising, even if the company has been advised of the possibility of such damages.